Vol I 1 - 68

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

STATE LOTTERY COMMISSION

In the Matter of:

FRANK OBEY, Respondent.

Thursday
May 2, 2019

Lottery Commission 150 Mount Vernon Street Dorchester, Massachusetts

BEFORE: LAWRENCE P. MAYO, ESQ.
Serving as Hearing Officer
80 Washington Square, United C20
Norwell, MA 02061

APPEARANCES:

For the State Lottery Commission:

GREGORY M. POLIN, ESQ.
Assistant Director and General Counsel
CANDACE HODGE, ESQ.
Associate General Counsel.
The Commonwealth of Massachusetts
State Lottery Commission
150 Mt. Vernon Street, Suite 300
Dorchester, MA 02125

For the Respondent:

ETHAN WARREN, ESQ.
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The Edison
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PROCEEDINGS

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(12:08 PM)

THE HEARING OFFICER: Welcome. all of you. My name is Larry Mayo and I am the hearing officer today in the matter of Frank Obey, and I am conducting his prize claims suspension hearing at the Massachusetts State Lottery headquarters in Boston, Massachusetts. Today is May 2, 2019. Again, we are here today in the matter of Frank Obey. Mr. Obey is appealing the decision of the Massachusetts State Lottery Commission Compliance Department's decision to impose a prize claim suspension upon Mr. Obey suspending his ability to claim lottery prizes with a value of \$600 of more for a period of 90 days.

MR. OBEY: Just for the record, Mr. Oh-bee, what's how you pronounce it correctly.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Mr. Obey, my apologies.

It's Mr. Obey. The Lottery issued a suspension notice to

Mr. Obey dated April 2, 2019. And we'll have that suspension

notice marked as Exhibit 1 upon the conclusion of my

introduction here. Both counsel for Mr. Obey and the Lottery

have agreed to that. The suspension upon Mr. Obey was

imposed pursuant to the High-Frequency Prize Winner

regulation contained at 961 CMR 2.43(2). Mr. Obey is here

today exercising his right to a director-level hearing

before the prize claim suspension goes into effect. The

availability of a director-level hearing is established in 961 CMR 2.43(3).

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The question before me is whether Mr. Obey is a High-Frequency Prize Winner and whether the submission by Mr. Obey of at least 20 claims for lottery prizes, each with a value of at least \$1,000 within any period of 365 days is factually or statistically improbable.

Again, this is an informal hearing. I'm going to observe the rules of evidence established in Mass. General Law Chapter 30A Section 11. The parties will have an opportunity to call and examine witnesses, introduce exhibits, and cross-examine witnesses who testify and to submit rebuttal evidence. The Lottery's decision to suspend Mr. Obey -- if the Lottery's decision to suspend Mr. Obey is supported by the preponderance of the credible evidence that its decision was justified, then that decision will stand. The Lottery has the burden of proof. Opening statements and closing statements will be allowed if the parties so choose. Objections will be either sustained or overruled by me. I will have the stenographer administer oaths to all witnesses prior to giving any testimony. At the close of the hearing, I will give you -- each party an opportunity to submit briefs based on the evidence and testimony presented today. And that's where it stands.

So, again, the point is it is a relatively informal

hearing. We try and observe certain reasonable formalities, however. So, that said, I will ask the Lottery to proceed in putting on its case.

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MR. POLIN: Thank you, Attorney Mayo. So, as background, the Massachusetts State Lottery Commission voted in November of 2017 to authorize the executive director to promulgate rules and regulations to address high-frequency lottery prize winners. On July 27th of 2018, a 961 CMR 2.43 was amended to include an additional section which is related to high-frequency prize winners. Evidence of high-frequency lottery prize claims can defy statistical odds and reason. And the Lottery questions the legitimacy of such activities. The Lottery is mandated to collect outstanding child support liabilities and past due tax liabilities before paying Lottery prize claims in excess of \$600. Winners of such prizes must complete a claim form where they attest that they are not claiming the prize to assist another in the avoidance of financial obligations. Further, the Massachusetts lottery law prohibits non-lottery sales agents from selling lottery tickets and also prohibit the assignment of lottery prize winnings except under certain enumerated circumstances. If high-frequency prize winners are not acquiring winning lottery tickets legitimately, the Lottery has reason to believe that some or all of these winning lottery tickets are being acquired

through means that violate or otherwise do not comply with the Lottery law and/or other laws, and the Lottery wants to discourage such activities.

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So, at this hearing unless Mr. Obey is able to explain how he is acquiring these winning lottery tickets legitimately, the Lottery at the end of this hearing will ask that Mr. Mayor to affirm the Compliance Department's imposition of the Lottery prize claim suspension.

Now, during this hearing we will present two witnesses and some exhibits. I do believe that the witnesses and exhibits will show that during the period of July 27, 2018 to January 27, 2019, Mr. Obey submitted claims of 334 lottery prizes of \$1,000 or more. 961 CMR 2.03 defines a high-frequency prize winner as a person who submits at least 20 claims for lottery prizes, each with a value of at least \$1,000 within any period of 365 days. By definition, Mr. Obey is a high-frequency prize winner. The Lottery's Compliance Department conducted an internal review and determined that these claims are factually or statistically improbable. And as a result, the Compliance Department is seeking to impose this prize claim suspension.

Now, with me today is Maureen McHugh. She's from the Compliance Department and she would be my first witness for today I would like to call.

THE HEARING OFFICER: I'll allow Ms. McHugh to the

table and if I may, I would just like to have marked for the 1 2 record the Prize Claim Suspension Notice from the Lottery to 3 Mr. Obey. 4 (Exhibit 1 was marked into 5 evidence.) 6 MAUREEN McHUGH, Sworn 7 EXAMINATION BY MR. POLIN: 8 Hello, Ms. McHugh. Could you state your name for Q 9 the record, please? 10 Maureen McHugh. I'm a compliance analyst at the 11 Massachusetts Lottery. 12 And which department do you work in? 13 Α Compliance. How long have you worked for the Lottery? 14 15 Since the year 2000. Α 16 How long have you worked in the Compliance 0 17 Department? 18 Α The entire time. 19 Who is the director of the Compliance Department? 20 Α Brian Taylor. 21 MR. POLIN: And for the record, I'd like to say 22 Brian Taylor was planning on being here today but he's on leave from the office for a 24 period of time. 25 BY MR. POLIN:

Q So, are you familiar with the Compliance
Department and its actions it has taken against Mr. Obey?

A Yes.

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Q Why has the Compliance Department moved to impose a prize claim suspension against Mr. Obey?

A Based on the regulation that was put into place in July 27, six months later we did a review of high cashers. And based on - and that's stats based on a list that we send to the Department of Revenue and the IRS every month of people that cash 20 tickets or more worth \$1,000 in a calendar year. So, based on that list for a six-month period, we reviewed that list and we choose -- and Mr. Obey was one of the high people on the list.

Q Was there an internal review of Mr. Obey's lottery prize claims?

A Yes, there was.

MR. POLIN: At this time, I would like to submit or ask that a document be marked as Exhibit which would be marked as Exhibit 2 at my request. For the record, it is a six-page document. At the very top line on it, it says, 'Confidential,' and to the top right of the page there is date of January 28, 2019. And the heading includes the terms, 'Claims for Winners Receiving 20 or more payments of \$1,000 or more.'

THE HEARING OFFICER: I'd like to allow it in. Do

you have any objection to it? Does that represent the 1 2 statistics behind? 3 MR. POLIN: It identifies the claims that Mr. Obey 4 has submitted during the time period of July 27, 2018 5 through January 27, 2019. And I have extra copies. 6 THE HEARING OFFICER: I'll accept it and allow it 7 if there is no objection. Even if there were, I think it is 8 relevant and important. Can you mark that as Exhibit 2, 9 please? Thank you. 10 (Exhibit No. 2 was marked into 11 evidence.) 12 THE HEARING OFFICER: And what are we calling 13 this, just for the record? 14 MR. POLIN: My suggestion would be Mr. Obey Claims 15 Report. BY MR. POLIN: 16 17 Ms. McHugh, have you seen this document before? Q 18 Α Yes. 19 Are you familiar with it? 20 Yes. Can you tell us how you are familiar with it? 2.1 Q 22 THE HEARING OFFICER: Mr. Warren, do you have a 23 copy to follow? 24 MR. WARREN: No. Thanks. 25 Α Um, this was the document used to determine that

we believed Mr. Obey claims are not statistically -- they are statistically improbable.

- Q So, the Compliance Department reviewed this document when it reviewed Mr. Obey's claims?
 - A Yes.

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- Q And can you confirm the time period of this document?
 - A July 27, 2018 to January 27, 2019.
 - Q How was this document generated?
- A It was generated based on another report that we generate monthly. And then it was just modified a little to include specific ticket information.
- Q So, does this identify all of Mr. Obey's lottery prize claims of \$1,000 or more during that time period?
- 15 | A Yes.
 - Q And if we can look at page six, the final page. I believe the totals are listed at the bottom there? Can you just summarize the totals of all these claims?
- 19 A 334 claims totaling \$690,738.50.
- Q So, that being from July 27, 2018 to January 27, 21 2019, Mr. Obey submitted 334 lottery prize claims of \$1,000 or more and those prizes totaled \$690,738.50?
- 23 | A Yes.
- Q If we can go back to page one and just look at the columns, can we go column by column and would you be so kind

as to identify what information is on each column? So, if we start with 'First name, last name,' that's a relatively straightforward one?

A Okay. First and last name of the claimant. And we blacked out the street address. The city and town where they live. The zip code. The date that the claim was paid. The gross amount. --

Q I'm sorry. The gross amount of what?

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A Gross amount of the claim would be the next column. And then the net amount. And then the next column is the office location that it was cashed in. And the agent number has been blocked out. And then, um, the next column is the name of the agent where the ticket was purchased, the address and the city where it is located. And then the product name would be the type of lottery ticket that was cashed. And if it was an instant ticket, it includes the game number and the book number.

O What is the book number?

A The book number is a specific identifier of a pack of tickets that are issued to a specific agent.

Q So, for a book of \$5 scratch tickets, do you know how many tickets are included or in that book?

A There could be 150 in some. And there could be 300. It depends on the game.

Q Then all the tickets identified in that book would

be associated with this book number?

A Yes.

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- Q And before you mentioned the name of the sales agent. So, the first sales agent is Luma's Market and they are located in Chelsea, is that correct?
 - A Yes.
- Q And did you say that that identifies the location where this particular scratch ticket was sold?
 - A Yes.
- Q What does the Compliance Department make out of all of these different locations of sale of these winning lottery tickets?
- A Well, the sales -- tickets were purchased at various locations in Massachusetts. Haverhill, Cambridge, Salem, Lynn, Boston, Nahant, Methuen and Middleton and various others. This isn't a typical pattern. Most customers that we come across usually play their lottery in the same geographical area or they have favorite agents that they usually play at.
- Q So, is this unusual that there are so many places of sale of these tickets for one person to claim?
- 22 | A Yes.
 - Q And to reiterate, this is a document that the Compliance Department reviewed when it came to the determination that Mr. Obey's lottery prize claims were

factually or statistically improbable? 1 2 Α Yes. 3 MR. POLIN: Thank you. I have no further questions 4 at this time but I would like to call Ms. McHugh back after 5 my next witness. I will allow that. I will 6 THE HEARING OFFICER: 7 allow Mr. Warren to cross-examine if he decides. But if I 8 may ask one question for clarification purposes? In these 9 columns, you show the gross which I presume is the gross 10 amount of the prize? 11 THE WITNESS: Yup. 12 THE HEARING OFFICER: And then the net. What does 13 the net represent? 14 THE WITNESS: It is minus any taxes paid that we 15 took out. We would take out taxes for DOR and IRS. 16 THE HEARING OFFICER: For both state and federal, then? 17 18 THE WITNESS: Yes. 19 THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you. Mr. Warren? 20 CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. WARREN: 2.1 22 0 Ms. McHugh, is it? 23 Α Yes. 24 You said it was unusual that for customers supposedly play at all these different locations. To win

prizes by playing at all these different locations?

A It was unusual for them to visit -- a lot of different locations to purchase tickets.

Q To purchase tickets. Okay. Um, in the -- have you seen Exhibit 1?

THE HEARING OFFICER: The Prize Claim Suspension Notice?

MR. WARREN: Yeah. I have a copy of it here.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Sure, I'll take notice of that if it is a duplicate copy.

THE COURT REPORTER: That's the original.

BY MR. WARREN:

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Q Do you see up in the -- under Frank Obey's name there is an 'Re:'?

A Yes.

Q What does that say?

A High-frequency casher.

Q And the Lottery considers him a casher, not a high-frequency winner, don't they? And isn't this evidence that he is cashing tickets, not cashing tickets he has actually won himself? Because they are coming from all over the place? Generally, in an area from where he is in. He's within the Lynn area but most of these, they are from -- he's not taking one agent's ticket and, you know, obviously fronting for an agent who is illegally playing? Because they

are coming from everywhere. And he is not driving everywhere, is he? He's cashing these tickets for other people who have won them. And that's right there in the letter to him. Isn't it?

THE HEARING OFFICER: I'm sorry. What's the question?

BY MR. WARREN:

Q The question is don't you consider him a casher rather than an actual winner?

A A casher and a winner would be the same as far as we are concerned.

Q But you said it was unusual that he is supposedly playing at all these different locations.

A Yes.

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Q That would not be usual, would it, if he is cashing other people who are playing at multiple locations and cashing their tickets for them? Then it wouldn't be unusual.

A So, you are saying he's not cashing -- he is not the purchaser? Is that what you are trying to ask me? Or tell me?

O I think it is obvious.

THE HEARING OFFICER: I might just say, I don't know that she can delve into the mind or the status of what people, you know, that are not participants in this hearing

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1	are doing.
2	MR. WARREN: Okay.
3	THE HEARING OFFICER: It's sort of outside of the
4	scope of the hearing unless those witnesses are here.
5	MR. WARREN: I did want to point out to her she
6	gave the opinion of something being unusual.
7	THE HEARING OFFICER: Understood.
8	MR. WARREN: And there is a reason for it not
9	being unusual.
10	THE HEARING OFFICER: Right.
11	MR. WARREN: She didn't seem to want to agree with
12	my reason, but that's okay.
13	THE HEARING OFFICER: I have it down for the
14	record and it's on the stenographer has it as well.
15	MR. WARREN: So, I have no further questions.
16	THE HEARING OFFICER: Would you like Ms. McHugh
17	back now or?
18	MR. POLIN: I would like to have Mr. Mandeville
19	speak and then bring Ms. McHugh back.
20	THE HEARING OFFICER: That's fine.
21	MR. POLIN: I would call Paul Mandeville to
22	testify.
23	PAUL MANDEVILLE, Sworn
24	EXAMINATION BY MR. POLIN:
25	Q Hello, Mr. Mandeville. Would you please state your

name for the record?

- A Paul Mandeville.
- Q And what -- are you an employee at the Lottery?
- A I am.

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- Q What is your title?
- A Assistant executive director for Information Technology.
- Q How long have you been in that role?

 Approximately?
- 10 A Too long. 22 years.
 - MR. POLIN: At this point, I'd like to ask another exhibit be accepted. So, I would ask that this be identified as Exhibit 3 if acceptable to everyone.
- THE HEARING OFFICER: And what are calling Exhibit

 3 and what does it represent?
- MR. POLIN: I would suggest we call this Mr. Obey
 Claims Statistics.
- THE HEARING OFFICER: I'll have Mr. Warren take a look at it and --
- MR. POLIN: For the record, it is a six-page

 document, the heading of it does identify Frank Obey and it

 includes statistical data regarding his lottery prize claims

 during the period July 27, 2018 to January 27, 2019.
- MR. WARREN: Before it is admitted, I'd like to hear something about it because it doesn't make much sense

to me.

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THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. Could you explain this intended?

MR. POLIN: It is a document that is,

Mr. Mandeville will testify to, is a document he created

that utilizes the same claim data from the previous

spreadsheet, the Exhibit No. 2. And it identifies the

different games that Mr. Obey claimed during this period for

prizes over \$1,000. And it included some statistical data,

some mathematical equations documenting the statistical

likelihood of these wins and what the statistical numbers

are associated with them. I apologize, Mr. Mandeville will

probably be able to explain it a little bit better than I.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Understood.

MR. WARREN: He's a mathematician. He's got to be a mathematician for that.

MR. POLIN: 22 years at the Lottery.

THE HEARING OFFICER: We can have Mr. Mandeville

-- I'm inclined to allow it, certainly. Provided that

Mr. Mandeville put it together and it's within his job

function and job role.

MR. WARREN: It certainly would be but we haven't heard all that.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Understood. That's why I'm going to have Mr. Mandeville hand over the document, answer

1 | questions and we will make a determination as to whether --

MR. WARREN: I totally suspect it will be but I think it is proper to hear the testimony first.

THE HEARING OFFICER: I don't suspect anything.

MR. POLIN: I have a copy, or is one sufficient over there?

MR. WARREN: We have a copy. Thanks.

BY MR. POLIN:

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Q Mr. Mandeville, can you tell us a little about this document? For example, can you start us off by telling us who created it?

A I created this document. It is an Excel spreadsheet. What it shows is all of the instant -- all of the instant games that we have, that the Lottery has active during the timeframe of July 27, 2018 to January 27, 2019. All of the claims that Mr. Obey came to our offices for, of all of those claims you can see on the last page, that they were a total of 334 claims, 60 or which were for what we call draw games, which would be keno, Powerball, Numbers game. Any of the draw games. And 274 of them were for instant games only.

So, this document focuses on instant games. What I did was I took each of the claims that Mr. Obey filed and equated those with a specific instant game number. As you can see around here, there is all the tickets that we have.

Each one of those tickets has a game number. And in the column that says, 'Win Count,' Column F, I listed all of the wins, all of the claims that Mr. Obey made for that particular instant game.

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The reason I focused on instant games is because instant games are truly not a random product. Instant games are a defined product. We know exactly how many winners there are in the game. We spread the winners across books, across pools, across larger pools and across the game. So, all of the winners are clearly defined. It is not a random event. Instant tickets have odds based on the prize tier that they win at. And they are evenly distributed across the game.

This -- since the cashing threshold for this was \$1,000 or more, I show -- well, I go across the columns. Column A is the game number. Column B is the ticket prices for that game number. Column C is the name of the game. D is where I focused here. That's the odds of winning of \$1,000 or more for that particular game. These odds are defined in our working papers before the game is printed.

Q I'm sorry, Mr. Mandeville. What are working papers?

A Working papers define all of the parameters for the game. We have the game printed by an outside vendor, but we define the prize structure, how many winners there will be at a certain tier, how many non-winners there will be at different tiers. All of the parameters for the game. All of those are defined before the game is even printed.

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So, the odds for winning \$1,000 or more are defined here. The -- and I caution that these odds are for \$1,000 or more. Not just for winning \$1,000. But \$1,000 and up. By the way, these odds are all printed per game on our website. They are all public information. They are available to anybody.

Column E is the payout per game. So, on a particular game, if there is ten million tickets in a game and they are \$1 a ticket, then the revenue is ten million dollars. We pay out X percent in prizes. So, when it says a 69.98 percent payout, that's 69.98 percent of the gross revenue for the game.

So, all of those to the left of the black line in the middle are static amounts. They are known amounts. They are identified in the game itself. Everything to the right is I entered the winning count per game from the claim report that we had already looked at. And the rest of these are simple calculations. In the column for each one, I identified how those calculations were attained. So, if we go down to Game 25, Mr. Obey had four claims for Game number 25 --

MR. WARREN: I'm sorry --

BY MR. POLIN:

- Q So Game number 25 is a \$20 ticket and it's called the Ten Million Dollar Big Money Game.
 - A Correct.

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- Q And so according to this spreadsheet, what is the odds of winning a lottery prize of \$1,000 or more for that game?
- A It's one in 1,106.72. Which basically means because we evenly distribute the winners across the game, you would have to purchase 1,106.72 tickets to encounter one winner of \$1,000 or more.
- Q And according to this spreadsheet, how many times did Mr. Obey win a lottery prize of \$1,000 or more of this game during this time period?
- 15 A Four times.
 - Q Based on the calculations in this spreadsheet, how many tickets would statistically be required to win this amount of times?
 - A It's -- that's the value in Column G and it is
 Column D times Column F, so it's 1,106.72 times 4. So, it is
 4,426.88. That's how many tickets would be required to
 purchase to win four times a value of \$1,000 or more.
 - Q And according to Column H, what would be the cost of purchasing those tickets?
 - A That also is Column B, which is the price of the

ticket times Column G. So, that would be \$88,537.60.

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- Q What is the expected win amount for this game?
- A The win amount is based on the prize payout for the game. So, in this case it is 80.4 percent. So, based on Column H, the value of the tickets times -- so, it would be Column E times Column H. If you purchased \$88,537.60 worth of tickets, you would be expected to win \$71,184.23.
- Q And on page six of this document, is there a total information on the bottom of the page?

A Yes. So, each game that Mr. Obey claimed winners on or identified through the course of the document and then there -- all of those are summed up on this last page. So, as I said, the draw games, there were 60 of them. Instant only games, there were 274. If you follow that line over, the tickets required for the expected win count of 274 would have been 874,851 tickets to be purchased. And then based on the total of the cost of the tickets, it would have cost seven million dollars -- \$7,057,428.00 to purchase those 874 tickets. And at that rate and the payout summary, you would expect that if seven million dollars was spent, you would have won a total of \$5,585,214.38. And that total would be all prizes, lower tier prizes, higher tier prizes, everything.

Q And towards the lower bottom of the page where it has the total amount, it does identify 334, is that correct?

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1	А	Correct.
2	Q	And is that
3	A	That matches the last line of the claims report.
4	Q	And does the total payment amount match the exact
5	line	
6	А	Yes.
7	Q	of the earlier exhibit?
8	А	Yes.
9	Q	And that amount is \$690,738.50?
10	А	Correct.
11		MR. POLIN: Thank you. I have no further questions
12	for Mr. M	andeville.
13		MR. WARREN: I have no objections to the exhibit.
14		THE HEARING OFFICER: I appreciate that. If we
15	could have	e the Exhibit marked? Three.
16		(Exhibit No. 3 was marked into
17		evidence.)
18		THE HEARING OFFICER: If I may ask for one point
19	of clarif	ication for the record. Again, the different
20	between '	draw games,' versus 'instant games' is what?
21		THE WITNESS: Draw games are some of our other
22	products.	Instant games are all of these around here. Draw
23	games are	games that there is a draw that occurs to
24	determine	the winner of the game as opposed to
25	pre-deter	mined winners of the game. So, draw games would be

Powerball, Megamillions, Numbers, Keno. But there is a draw 1 that occurs to determine the winner. 2 3 THE HEARING OFFICER: I see. And when you say, 4 'what you see around here,' for the record you are 5 identifying the lottery products, scratch tickets that are on the sidewalls? 6 7 THE WITNESS: Correct. 8 CROSS EXAMINATION 9 BY MR. WARREN: 10 And that's why you know how many are out there and what exactly how many are winners? 11 12 Α Correct. 13 And in what amounts? 14 Correct. Α 15 And your Exhibit 3 chart Column F says, 'Win 16 Count.' 17 Α Uh, hmm. 18 THE COURT REPORTER: Is that a 'yes' or a 'no?' 19 I'm sorry. You said, 'Uh, hmm.' I need a 'yes' or a 'no.' 20 THE WITNESS: Yes. 2.1 THE COURT REPORTER: Thank you. 22 BY MR. WARREN: 23 But these are -- wouldn't a more proper name for 24 the column be 'Claims Presented.' Prize claims presented by 25 Frank Obey?

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1	A Well, um, you can call it that. I don't
2	Q You don't know if he actually went out and
3	purchased these tickets and won them on a after he bought
4	them?
5	A This is analysis of the claims that were made. And
6	a claim isn't made unless the ticket is a winning ticket.
7	So, I'm just this is the statistical analysis.
8	Q But you don't know whether he it has nothing to
9	do with whether he actually went out and purchased the
10	ticket?
11	A This is all based on what he presented at our
12	office.
13	MR. WARREN: I have nothing further.
14	MR. POLIN: I have nothing further for
15	Mr. Mandeville but I would like to bring back Ms. McHugh
16	briefly. With the exhibit on the table.
17	(The witness was excused.)
18	MAUREEN McHUGH, recalled
19	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
20	BY MR. POLIN:
21	Q Hello, again, Ms. McHugh.
22	A Hello.
23	Q So, you have Exhibits 2 and 3 in front of you
24	there?
25	A Yes.

Q So, the Exhibit 3 is the one that Mr. Mandeville was just talking about. Did the Compliance Department review that document when it reviewed Mr. Obey's lottery prize claims?

A Yes.

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Q And based on the Compliance Department's internal review, did the Compliance Department determine that Mr. Obey's lottery prize claims are either factually or statistically improbable?

A Yes.

MR. POLIN: Nothing further.

MR. WARREN: Nothing.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Ms. McHugh.

(The witness was excused.)

THE HEARING OFFICER: Mr. Warren.

MR. WARREN: Can I give a quick opening?

THE HEARING OFFICER: Absolutely.

MR. WARREN: Okay. Exhibits 2 and 3 no doubt show that this would be highly factually and statistically improbable of him actually winning. Going out and purchasing and winning all of these tickets. I have, you know -- but that's not really the issue here. Um, what is the issue, that's not the factual issue. The factual -- because he's going to freely tell you and in fact, Exhibit 1 shows, that they know exactly who he is. He is a casher. And there is

nothing illegal about transferring tickets before they are And there is nothing illegal about cashing tickets if you are not doing various things such as helping somebody avoid the financial obligations, which he must sign on the claim form every time. And if he is not, ah, you know -- if he is not doing something illegal. And there is nothing illegal about it because the Lottery says it is payable to bearer and, uh, I've got a letter that I will seek to admit that says that they certainly can be transferred. Um, so, what you will hear from Mr. Obey is a free admission that he is a casher just like he was identified in the letter that -- in Exhibit 1. Not a high-frequency winner. A high-frequency casher. Because it is impossible, not only highly improbable, it is impossible to win that much all by himself. But, it is statistically and factually probable by someone who cashes tickets for other people will of course be cashing more than 20 tickets worth of \$1,000 over the course of time. And that's absolutely probable if you are an admitted casher. With that, I really don't -- I guess I'll ask some questions. Mr. Obey, you do play lottery games, don't you?

MR. OBEY: I certainly do.

THE COURT REPORTER: Excuse me. We need to swear

24 | him in.

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MR. WARREN: Oh, okay.

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1		FRANK OBEY, Sworn
2		EXAMINATION BY MR. WARREN:
3	Q	Mr. Obey, please state your name, I guess, for the
4	record.	
5	А	Frank Obey.
6	Q	And where do you live?
7	A	I live at
8	Mass.	
9	Q	And how old are you now?
10	A	Soon to be .
11	Q	Do you play the lottery regularly?
12	A	Every day.
13	Q	And have you played various different games?
14	А	All of them.
15	Q	And sometimes you have some winners?
16	А	Absolutely.
17	Q	Besides your own playing of the game, do you know
18	a lot of	other people who play the lottery?
19	А	A lot.
20	Q	And have you ever cashed tickets for other
21	winners?	
22	А	Yes.
23	Q	In fact, do you do that very regularly?
24	А	Yup, almost every day.
25	Q	How long have you been doing this?

- Α Over 40 years.
- And when you cash somebody else's ticket, do you have to receive the ticket in blank?
 - Α Absolutely.
- 5 If they have signed it, you can't cash it for 6 them?
 - Can't cash it. Won't cash it. Α
 - Have you been audited by the IRS? 0
 - Α Absolutely.
- 10 How about the Massachusetts DOR?
- 11 Not the Massachusetts one, no. Α
- 12 Have you had any penalties assessed?
- 13 Α No.

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- 14 As a result of your IRS reportings?
- 15 Never.
- 16 And you say you have been cashing checks for Q others for over 40 years. Did you -- has this -- did it 17 18 start slow and grow?
- 19 Yup. I won, I started there, I won way back when lottery first started. And I got audited that first year. It 20 21 was like two or three years, four years into existence. I 22 played multiple -- multiple -- one number multiple times. 23 That is what I usually do. Sometimes you catch the first
- three exact, the daily numbers. I get five Mass Cash tickets. I play with other people. I play a lot with other

people, Keno. We play -- I play a lot of Mass Cash tickets with other people. Partners. I cash the tickets. I have cash with another partner one time. Back quite a few years ago.

But --

- Q I think what I was asking you is you started cashing tickets -- winning tickets for others --
 - A Yup.
 - Q -- 40 years ago?
- A Yup.

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- 10 Q Has that grown, gotten bigger over the years?
- 12 few more. And, you know, people that I have been dealing
 13 with, their families or places that I have been in business
 14 -- that I worked for. Um, people in there. Places where I do
 15 business with. I get to know those people, you know, I cash.
 16 They call me, I go there or they come to my place. I travel
 17 a lot.
 - Q Now, is the lottery -- any claim over \$600, you have to go to a lottery office?
 - A Yes.
 - Q And when are they open?
- 22 A They are open at 8:45 in the morning to -- or 8:30
 23 in the morning until 4:45 in the afternoon. 4:30. I think
 24 it is 4:30.
- 25 Q Are they open on Saturdays or Sundays?

33 1 Α No. 2 Are they open on any holidays? 0 3 No. Α 4 Q So, if you work a 9 to 5 job Monday through Friday 5 6 Α You've got to take time off. 7 -- you would have to take time off. 8 Correct. Α 9 To go cash the ticket. Is playing the lottery and Q 10 cashing winning tickets, whether you bought them or whether 11 somebody else bought them become near a full-time 12 occupation? 13 Α Just about. MR. WARREN: 14 I don't think I have anything 15 further. 16 CROSS EXAMINATION 17 BY MR. POLIN: 18 Mr. Obey, so out of the 334 lottery prize claims during July 27, 2018 to January 27, 2019, could you estimate 19 20 how many of those prize claims were tickets that you 21 purchased from a sales agent versus how many you acquired

A I mean, I win. Okay? In fact, I don't know whether it is in there or not but I actually found a \$50,0000 two dollar cash ticket in a barrel. All right?

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through other means?

Q Congratulations.

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Right. \$50,000. I was shocked. I took it to the Α lottery, I thought it was 1,000 bucks. And that's when these new ticket checkers come out. All right? You couldn't check a ticket if it cash or not or whether it was a winner or not. But now they got them in all the different stores. So, I found these and somebody, and it happens a lot, I find tickets or people give me tickets. They just scratch the code. They don't even scratch the letters. So, now, you scratch that bottom right-hand corner, you put them in the machine and it said it was a winner. I said, 'You've got to be kidding me.' So, I fill out a form with my other ones, I took it. The girl come back and says, 'You have got to take that to Braintree.' That is when Braintree was still there. And it was \$50,000. I mean, I was shocked. But you find them. I find other winners.

But, still, I cash people -- my own tickets, obviously. I play a lot of Keno. I play with other people a lot. We go partners. I cash the tickets.

- Q So, out of the 334 --
- A I can't --
- Q -- would you say a majority of them were purchased from lottery sales agents or were a majority of them found or were a majority of them acquired from --
- A Not found. I mentioned \$50,000 around. But I have

found other tickets. I can't, you know, my percentage is small compared to the ones I am getting from other people. I mean, these are friends of people, people I have known, families and people I work with and stuff like that.

- Q So, how does it work? So, if you know someone and they have a winning ticket, they may ask you to cash it?
 - A Yeah.

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- Q Do you always know the person?
- A Oh, yeah. I know who they are.
- Q Do you know them well?
- A Well, I have seen them. They don't come every day with a ticket -- a winning ticket. So, I might not see them for two or three months. But I have so many people that I know. Somebody always wins lately. You have too many tickets out. I'm sorry, but you have too many tickets out. There are too many winning tickets out there. So, a lot of people are winning.
- Q Are you aware that if they owe back taxes or child support that if they claim the winnings, the money that they owed would be taken out from their payment?
- A I have no idea what anybody's business is. I have no idea. Most of the people I know, a lot of them are still working, okay? Or they are retired, and they like to play. They play a lot of Keno tickets. They play a lot of scratch tickets. Those cash words, they are -- it is probably one of

your biggest tickets. As far as I'm concerned. People are 1 buying them, 15 and 20 at a time. 2 3 Why can't these people claim the tickets 4 themselves? Some don't have a car. Some, you know, housing. 5 6 Some people are afraid. 7 What do you mean by 'housing'? Well, they are living in public housing where they 8 9 might think their rent might go up. You know? But I tell 10 them, I don't think so. But half those people --11 (Door knocking.) 12 THE COURT REPORTER: We will go off the record. 13 (Off the record at 11:25 a.m.) 14 (11:26 a.m.)15 THE COURT REPORTER: We are back on the record 16 now. 17 I might have to go to another MR. WARREN: 18 meeting. Sorry for the disruption. 19 CROSS EXAMINATION (continued) 20 BY MR. POLIN: 21 -- Most of the people that cash --Α 22 MR. WARREN: Are we back? THE COURT REPORTER: 23 Yes. 24 MR. WARREN: Okay. 25 Α -- Most of the people that cash a thousand dollar

ticket, that money is gone within a few days. All right?

Because they are players. I cash. They are big players. I didn't create the problem. Right here, created the problem. But, um, I feel like I work for the lottery, you know? I'm helping them out. There is no office up in the North Shore area. And a lot of people don't have transportation or they don't want to go there. Or they don't want to take time off. They have got to take a half a day or a whole day, some of the people who have jobs. For, you know, a couple of bucks. You know, that's it.

Q So, when someone approaches you and asks you to cash a ticket for them, do you get anything in return for your troubles?

A Well, what I have been doing most of the time is, you know, I like to play the lottery. So, I have them buy lottery tickets. And, you know, I always take out the tax money that they are going to take out of me for payment. So, it is at least 950. On a thousand dollar ticket. Because the state is going to take that money, I'm not paying. You know? So, it is all down, they actually pay it.

Q So, if somebody comes to you with -- I just want to make sure I understand. If somebody comes to you with a thousand dollar cash winner and says, 'Mr. Obey, would you please cash this,' --

A Yup.

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- Q -- do you, um, -- you just take the money and cash it and then do you give the money back to the person who gave you the ticket?
 - A I take the ticket and give them the money.
 - Q Before you go to the lottery office?
- A Yeah.

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- Q And you give them -- how much money do you give them?
- A 950.
- 10 | Q Okay.
- A That's what I'm going to get. And then they buy me lottery tickets.
- 13 Q When do they buy you lottery tickets?
- 14 A The same time. They bring them. I tell them.
- 15 | "Don't bring the ticket without lottery tickets."
- 16 Q How many tickets do you ask to receive to do this 17 service?
- A I don't ask anything. I just tell them, 'Bring me some tickets.' You are the -- give me what you want. I'll take them. And a lot of them are second chance drawing tickets. If you ever look up my record, second chance drawing tickets, you will see I am in there a lot. So, a lot of them, second chance. A lot of different ones. I play them all.
 - Q So, a typical situation, someone comes to you with

a \$1,000 winner. You pay him or her \$950 which will be the claim amount minus the taxes. And also at that time they will provide you, um, without being asked, lottery tickets

A Yeah, they know the story. They know what it is. I don't have to ask them.

Q Are you employed?

A No, I was. I was self-employed. I've been -- and I was until recently driving for Lyft. I had a knee operation so I have been driving less.

- Q When did you stop driving for Lyft?
- A Um, sometime last year.
- 13 | Q Before July?

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- 14 A Yeah. Ah, September.
- 15 Q In September, you stopped driving?
 - A Yeah. I was having some problems so it was before September.
 - Q Have you been -- besides working for Lyft, from July 27th to September, were you employed at any point during July 27 through January 27th?
 - A No.
- Q Where does your income come from to purchase these tickets from people?
- A I win. I win. You don't win a thousand dollars or ten thousand dollars or a hundred thousand dollars, but I

have won. I'm using my money.

Q So, some of these claims -- some of these 333 claims, you are saying you won. But some you are saying you just cashed for other people?

A Right.

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Q And I'll ask again, can you give an estimate of how many are claims that you have won versus other ones --

A You will have to ask the mathematician. I don't keep track of that. I have no idea.

Q You have no idea?

A No.

Q Because it is a distinguishable feature. If you are winning yourself and keeping the money, that's different than when you are paying someone else for a ticket.

A Yeah. Well, I had a hundred thousand dollar ticket. I had a fifty thousand dollar ticket. I mean, those were my tickets. I had two fifty thousand dollar tickets, one I found when I had the game. Recently. And a hundred thousand dollar ticket. So, and plus I had -- I was involved with somebody else with the -- somebody had 15 Mass. Lottery -- ah, Mass Cash tickets in Lynn. Well, I was part of that. And I cashed my share. That's the one I gave to the church.

Q What's the highest lottery prize claim that you cashed for someone else during the past six months or during the period of -- just during the past year. What's the

highest lottery prize claim that you have cashed for someone else?

A Well, I think the hundred thousand dollar was before that. So, the other one is mine. I mean --

Q I'm sorry, say that again?

A The hundred thousand dollar, I don't think there is a hundred thousand dollar one in there. The ones that are in there this past period --

- Q During the period July to January?
- A -- are mine. They are mine.
- 11 Q All? Which ones?

A The hundred thousand dollars and the two fifty thousand dollars. Are mine. I don't know if the other fifty, the one I found that's in there. In that. I have no idea if it is in that list.

- Q Have you ever cashed a ten thousand dollar winner for someone else?
- 18 | A Yeah.

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- Q What do you pay them? How does that transaction work?
- A Same thing. Seven thousand -- seventy one hundred.

 And they give me lottery tickets.
- 23 Q Do you write them a check? Do you pay them cash?
- 24 A Cash. I don't write no checks.
- 25 Q And is that a fairly frequent occurrence for a ten

thousand dollar winner?

A Yeah.

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- Q Did it occur during last July to this past January?
 - A Yeah. I would imagine.
- Q What about a twenty thousand dollar cash winner? Would you have cashed that for someone else?
- A I don't remember a twenty thousand dollar one in that period. I did cash my own twenty thousand dollar one a few years ago.
- Q Okay. So, I'm just looking at Exhibit 2, which is your claims during July 2018 to January 27th. So, I do see on page two, um, -- excuse me, actually. I see on page three, I apologize --
- 15 A Yup. Top one.
- 16 Q Yup, I see one fifty thousand dollar winner --
- 17 A Yeah.
- 18 Q -- towards the middle of the page.
- 19 | A Yup.
- 20 Q So, is that one that you won yourself?
- 21 | A Yup.
- 22 | Q Okay. Um, --
- 23 \parallel A There is a twenty thousand dollar top of the page.
- Q Okay. Yes, I see that one now. Is that a winner -did you win that one yourself or did you cash that for

| someone else?

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- A I think I cashed that for somebody else.
- Q And --
 - A Yeah.
 - Q -- do you remember who you cashed that for?
- A Not offhand, no.
 - Q Would you have paid them \$14,200 in cash?
- 8 A Yeah.
 - Q Did you recall what -- if they gave you lottery tickets as a --
- 11 | A Yeah.
- 12 Q Did they ever pay you extra to cash tickets for 13 you, though?
- 14 A No. Usually I have to pay them extra.
- 15 Q Why would you pay them extra?
- A Because they want extra money sometimes. Sometimes

 on a ten or a twenty thousand dollar ticket, a hundred

 thousand dollar ticket if I cash them. They want extra

 money. And I do give them a few bucks.
- Q Why would you give them extra money?
 - A Because tax-wise, all right, I can get some of that back. The federal.
- 23 | Q Okay.
- A And they know, you know, it is their ticket so
 they expect a couple of bucks more than what they are going

to get. So, I give them a few bucks.

- Q So, for this twenty thousand dollar claim --
- A I don't remember.
- Q You don't remember. But hypothetically, I know you don't remember, but if this was one where you were to give an extra few bucks, you in theory could give them \$14,500 and then you get the ticket and you only get to cash \$14,200.
 - A Right.
- 10 Q So, you would have a net loss of \$300.
- 11 A Right.

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- 12 | O But there could be a tax benefit for that?
- 13 | A Yes.
- Q Okay. Um, okay. So, the fifty thousand dollar
 claim on this page is one that you either purchased from a
 sales agent or found somewhere?
 - A Yeah, one of them I found. I'll tell you right now. I don't know where it is on that page. It wasn't that long ago. It is still jumping.
 - Q On page four, there is a hundred thousand dollar claim. A one hundred thousand dollar winner. The pay date was November 20, 2018. Was this one that you -- do you see it?
- 24 || A Um --
- 25 Q It is towards the top.

A Oh. Up here. Yeah.

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Q Was this one that you cashed for someone else, or is this one that you purchased from a sales agent?

A Yup. That was in Charlestown. I bought a quick pick there. My fiance works in Charlestown. And I bought tickets in that area because -- and I don't know why I didn't play multiple, but a lot of them I play just quick picks and I just happened to buy a couple of quick picks there and I won. It happens. It does happen, you know.

- 10 | Q You are the witness.
 - A It does happen. Especially quick picks.
 - Q I see a number of ten thousand dollar claims, also. On a few of these pages. Do you recall winning ten thousand dollar claims from tickets that you bought from sales agents or otherwise found?
- 16 A Sure.
 - Q Can you estimate how many? I noticed five?
 - A How many are there? You want me to estimate something. What if I say six and there is only four there. I'm not going to do that.
 - Q Give me a minute, let me just --
- 22 A I couldn't tell you.
- 23 | Q Okay.
- A I know of a few ten thousand dollar tickets. I've
 hit a few of them. So.

Q During this time period?

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A I have no idea. You have got it on paper there. I don't.

THE HEARING OFFICER: If I may, you can certainly look --

THE WITNESS: I know, but that's not going to help me. The dates are not going to help me.

THE HEARING OFFICER: I'm just letting you know what it is there for your --

THE WITNESS: Because I don't know --

THE HEARING OFFICER: -- informational purposes.

THE WITNESS: -- when the last time I hit it. I know I hit a couple ten thousand dollars recently. But, you know, dates, I don't remember. I go cash them. Play some more.

BY MR. POLIN:

Q So, I think I've asked this before and I apologize for asking it again. But, no one ever gives you money to cash tickets for them? Or, do you ever -- when you cash a ticket for someone --

- A Sometimes they give me money, yeah.
- 22 | Q Okay.

A Occasionally, I get money. If I meet them someplace in a store and I go in and buy my own tickets. He says, 'There, just go buy your own tickets.' And I do.

Sometimes it is not enough, but I spend more. So, but, if I have to go someplace, I'll play. You know, pick up something. Somebody is there. I'll play there. 'You give me money, I'll play in the store and buy tickets in the store.'

- Q Are you aware that only lottery sales agents are allowed by law to sell lottery tickets?
 - A I'm not selling lottery tickets.
 - Q I didn't say that you were.
 - A Oh.

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- 10 Q I just asked if you are aware.
 - A Yeah. But if somebody buys a ticket from you, they own the ticket. They can do whatever they want with it.

 That's how I'm looking at it. I mean, people own the ticket.

 You go buy a car and you can sell it for whatever you want.

 You buy a \$50,000 car and you want to give it to somebody

 for 25 or nothing, it is up to them. Same thing with lottery

 ticket. Once you sell it, it is sold. The person owns it. I

 think he has the right to do whatever he wants with it.
 - Q You mentioned earlier that you were audited by the IRS?
 - A Yup.
 - Q When did that audit occur?
 - A Last audit was probably, ah, quite a few years ago. Um, 13. 11. I don't remember the exact. It was almost like when I was finishing up my business like in 2010. And

they went to 2009. They did find something in 2010 that my accountant missed or whatever. But I had to pay that. But anything in the lottery, they did, like, four years in a row. They went back one, ahead one. And they did two years later they did another audit on it. They come to my house. Talked to me. Showed me. I just showed them all my paperwork and what my accountant asked.

- Q Do you recall when the most recent audit was?
- A No, I can't tell you the exact date.
- Q You mentioned earlier I think 2013 or 2011?
- 11 A Could be. Yeah.
 - Q Could be in that timeframe?
- 13 A Yeah. Yup.

Q Certainly now this year or last year or probably the year before?

Well, I wasn't in an audit but last year they wanted to know my name. They wanted to make sure I was Frank Obey. So, I had to go to the -- my accountant and do the last two years. They just pointed out some things on my form. And my accountant was there. I had all the information. What's on line 6 this year, what's on line 7, 16. Whatever. And then they, um, they sent me a letter telling me everything was okay, and they were going to do my taxes. They held it quite a bit last year. This year, it went right through.

Q Do you cash tickets for a lot of other people or just a smaller number of people?

Mean, it started out a few people, your friends and relatives, stuff like that. I got relatives, I mean, I've got a lot of relatives. I am one of 48 bridge on my mother's side. There is a hundred -- they are all around. But, anyways, they have friends, they have friends and over the years, I've gotten to know all of these people and I don't see them all the time but they call me. Some people play. Some people are really bad. I mean, they play a lot. They play a lot. I have people at work play a lot. You know?

Q Would you say you have regulars that ask you to cash tickets for them?

A Yeah. Yeah, if they get a ticket, they cash -- you know, they are calling me.

- Q Would you mind telling us who they are?
- A I would mind that. They would mind it, too.
- 19 Q Why is that?

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- 20 A I don't think their names matter.
 - Q But if you feel it is okay for them to be doing this, what's the harm in telling us their names?

A What difference is it what they are doing? I'm not going -- you know what's going on. You have seen -- your mark is going up every year. I mean, people are playing a

lot. So, who do you think is playing? Everybody is playing. More and more every time. And if you put more tickets out, so, there is more winners out there.

- Q Do you play regular numbers when you play --
- 5 A Mass Cash?

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Q Yes.

A I do. And I play quick picks. All the time. In fact, the five one I won fifteen years ago with a group, it was a quick pick. And I played it again five times. And we happened to win.

Q Would you be able to tell us your numbers that you like to play? Or --

A No. My grandchildren. All my grandchildren's numbers. One of them. I play other ones. Most of them. You know, there is a couple I play all the time, especially that one there. Only because my daughter years ago when I got five grandchildren, she gave me a ticket on Christmas to play it and I think I won \$250. I said, 'Only one ticket?'. I says. It is multiple tickets now. Within the last -- I'll just tell you a story. All right? I had 30 tickets not too long ago. All right? Thirty tickets, I had four out of five numbers. I would have loved to have come in here with those 30 tickets. You probably wouldn't give me all the money, but I had four out of the five numbers. Thirty tickets. Because I play, I overlap them.

- Q Were those playing your usual numbers?
- A Yeah, those were.

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- Q And I don't play the lottery. I'm not allowed to.

 But is there a superstitious reason? What's the reason why
 you would feel uncomfortable sharing your usual numbers with
 us?
- A Why would I tell you? So you can play them? Make my -- think you would have them? No way.
 - Q Well, we could use that to cross reference our --
- A I know you can. I know you can.
 - ${\tt Q}\,$ -- to differentiate the claims that you are cashing versus the claims that you are cashing for other people.

A I should have brought in my last year's Keno -Mass Cash tickets. I play them ten times each. Ten times.
And then I -- three, four, five days, nothing. I get them.
Or sometimes I hit three numbers. I like four numbers. Then
I don't have to come in here. And I still get a lot of
money. I have people who play 40 and 50 times the same
number. Do you know that? Do you have any idea people do
that? And hit three, four numbers. Make a lot of money. And
don't have to come in here. It is what happens. I know
people that play, let me tell you. These people are not, you
know, one or two dollars a day. These people are playing
money. And they win. Some of them win.

- Q How much do you play per day?
- A Too much. But I get, you know --
- Q Could you put a dollar amount on how much you play per day?
 - A Counting what they give me? I mean, it is thousands. I mean, I play a lot of money -- a lot of tickets.
- Q And you win quite a few times, too. You testified, right?
 - A Yeah. Yeah. You don't always win a ticket to go to the lottery. You know? Three hundred here, 500 there. The other day I played two \$30 tickets. I had \$500 in each one. Two different ones. I had \$500 in each one. It is a nice thousand dollar hit. And I don't have to see you.
 - Q Are you aware that the lottery claim form that you fill out when you submit a claim for over \$600 requires you to certify that you are not claiming this prize to assist another in the avoidance of financial obligations?
- A Absolutely.
 - Q How do you know you are not assisting someone --
- 21 || A I don't.

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- - A I don't. But some people tell me. And I says, 'You will have to go cash it yourself.' I tell them right out. If I know the person, you know, that is sent to me by somebody

else, I ask them. 'Do you know about this guy? You know. New guy.' He says, 'Well, I don't think he can cash the ticket.'
I says, 'Well, he's going to have to cash it. I'm not cashing it.'

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Q So, do you ask about -- do you ask everyone that asked you to cash the ticket --

A No, because most people I know. I mean, most of them I know. I mean, people that -- you know, that come with somebody else, I got to ask. But basically I -- how am I supposed to know what anybody else business is? And I don't really want to know what anybody's business is. They want to play. One wife is playing, the husband don't know about it. Husband is playing, the wife don't know about it. Big time. It goes on, you know. It goes on. You may not see it, but I see it.

Q Is there a particular place you usually play Keno?

Is there a favorite spot that you go to to play Keno?

A I have a few of them. I play Keno in a lot of stores that I go to. I might play a quick pick, all right? A couple of tickets. Someplace I else, different stores that I go to, I play. Like, tonight I go to a club with a couple of my friends -- well, tonight we are not going there but they have Keno there. We have Keno -- we play Keno with the barmaid there. We goes partners all the time. Cash tickets there. It is just, one of those things. I mean, I actually

have enough money to do it.

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- Q Would you agree that it is statistically improbable for you to actually purchasing all of these tickets from sales agents and winning this much?
 - A Sales agents?
 - Q Lottery sales agents?
- A I don't buy them for all the sales -- oh, yeah. I agree. Yeah. What you are saying. For me to buy them from all those different agents and win all that money. But I'm
- Q So, it is statistically improbable to win 334 times during this six-month period.
- A That's not the case here. I'm a casher. I'm not saying that I'm a winner and I win all that money. Never gonna say that. I'm not here to lie about it.
- Q Would you also agree that it is statistically unlikely for you to win 200 of these 334 tickets?
- A I'm not giving you numbers. You want to give me -you want to put a number in there? I'm not giving you a
 number. Because I don't know. I don't know. I win. Trust me.
 I win. I win a lot of under thousand dollar tickets, too.
 You know? You play a lot, you have got to win. You have
 streaks. You have streaks, though, I will tell you that.
- Q You do say at least some of these 334 claims you have claimed for other people?

A Yeah.

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- Q And some you have claimed as the winner yourself.
- A Absolutely.
- Q And I believe we have identified a few that you recall winning yourself, some of the high dollar ones.
 - A Yup.
 - Q Including the fifty thousand dollar one --
 - A There is two fifty thousand dollar ones.
 - Q Okay. And a few of the ten thousand dollars?
- 10 | A Yup.
 - MR. POLIN: I don't think I have any other questions.
- MR. WARREN: I have just one because it has been qone over a few times.

REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. WARREN:

- Q You have resisted trying to give an exact percentage of what is your own winnings and what is the winnings that you are cashing for others. But as far as -- and you have talked about a few of the higher ones being your own prizes.
- A Correct.
- Q But as far as number of wins, if you can -- can you estimate, you know, not give me a percentage but I mean, is it small, large as to what percentage are being cashed

and what are your own? I think -- can you estimate?

A I can't estimate how many I win. Some weeks, you win more than other weeks. You might go three weeks without anything big but a lot of small ones. But, you know, Keno is a big thing. --

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A -- Keno, there is a lot of --

THE HEARING OFFICER: If I may, there is no question on the table. If you can respond to the question?

THE WITNESS: Oh, okay.

BY MR. WARREN:

- Q Earlier when you were being questioned, didn't you say that this winnings represented in this chart, or the tickets, was a small percentage of -- only a small percentage was your own? And that a large percentage of them is cashing for other people?
- A Right.
 - Q Is that about as well as you can estimate it?
- 19 A Yes.
 - Q But it is definitely more that is being cashed for others than you own winnings on these records?
 - A Yes.
 - Q And that's true not just for this time period but for a long period of time that you have been doing this?
 - A Yes.

1 So that most of the time you are going to the 2 Lottery to cash tickets, it is other people's tickets? 3 Α That's -- yes. 4 MR. WARREN: Okay. 5 I have nothing further. MR. POLIN: 6 MR. WARREN: I have nothing further. 7 THE HEARING OFFICER: May I ask one question? 8 MR. WARREN: Sure. 9 THE HEARING OFFICER: When you are collecting 10 these tickets, if you will, from your friends, associates, family, customers. Call them what you want. 11 12 THE WITNESS: Customers. 13 THE HEARING OFFICER: My question is, are you in 14 one particular location that people come to you or are you 15 out sort of circulating in the area? 16 THE WITNESS: They call me. They have my cellphone number and I got to them most of the time, or they come to 17 18 my house. People that really know where I live, they come to 19 my house. They are in the area. You know, they will come to 20 my house if I can't get to them. I mean, I'm busy, too. I've got grandchildren. 2.1 22 THE HEARING OFFICER: Understood. 23 I can't be there all the time. But I THE WITNESS: 24 make myself available. 25 THE HEARING OFFICER: I have no other questions.

Anything else? Anybody else? Well, at this point if there are not other witnesses, no other questions, I'll afford each, the Lottery and Mr. Obey, to make a closing statement if they so choose.

MR. POLIN: Yes. Would you like the Lottery to go first?

THE HEARING OFFICER: Yes.

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MR. POLIN: And for the record, the Lottery is happy to submit some sort of closing brief.

MR. WARREN: May I interrupt? Before I close, I meant to request one more exhibit. If it can be reopened for that purpose?

THE HEARING OFFICER: I'm willing to reopen. Could you explain what the --

MR. WARREN: It is a letter from Beth Bresnahan, a former, probably, executive director of the Lottery dated June 23, 2015. The letter given to retailers but, ah, in that I hadn't seen it as clearly stated elsewhere, I thought it was good evidence, in that a portion of it reads, "Lottery tickets if not signed can be transferred through gift or sale between two consenting private parties, though any attempt to claim Lottery prizes for others, to assist them in avoidance of financial obligations including paying child support or taxes is against the law." But, um, it is something that Mr. Obey had.

1 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 2 BY MR. WARREN: 3 Can you identify that, Mr. Obey? Q 4 Α Yes. 5 Where did you get that? 6 Α That was sent out to the Lottery retailers, all 7 the stores, back in 2015. 8 Did a retailer give you a copy of it? 0 9 Α Yup. 10 Do you remember who? It could have been down in Cal's News in Lynn. 11 12 THE HEARING OFFICER: Am I to present --13 MR. WARREN: I'm sorry, I didn't bring -- I wasn't 14 quite sure how this hearing was run, how formal it would be. 15 And it would be great if maybe we could have it marked and 16 maybe have some copies made. 17 THE HEARING OFFICER: I'm willing to entertain 18 that. 19 MR. WARREN: So I can take a copy home with me. I assume the Lottery Commission has some copy machines 20 21 somewhere in their office. 22 MR. POLIN: We do. I would just like to point out 23 the letter is dated June 23, 2015, and the Commission, the 24 Massachusetts State Lottery Commission voted last -- in

November of 2017 to amend the regulations to create the

high-frequency prize winner provision of 961 CMR 2.43. But I have no objection.

MR. WARREN: No objection.

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THE HEARING OFFICER: I'll accept it. I don't know if you have any particular questions on it you would like to ask, or if anybody does, but I'll accept it and consider it and give it --

MR. POLIN: Would you like me to have copies made of it?

THE HEARING OFFICER: Yeah, we should have copies made and I will note the letterhead at the top is cut off.

Um, it looks like, anyway. But if you don't object and I'll accept it.

MR. WARREN: Thank you for letting me do that.

MR. POLIN: Are we still on the record?

THE COURT REPORTER: We are on the record, yes.

MR. POLIN: I won't object to the document. I'll wait for the copies to come back. But I would request that Mr. Mayo give the document the appropriate level of probative value in your consideration.

THE HEARING OFFICER: I will do that. As I have indicated at the outset, this is a flexible hearing. The rules of evidence are much looser. The letter may have some evidentiary value and I will provide it with the probative analysis that it is appropriate in the circumstance. And I

will note as well, again, I'm going to offer the parties the opportunity to submit a post-hearing brief. And I simply pointed out earlier that the letterhead was missing at the top. I would presume that the Lottery can verify or not the authenticity of the letter at that point in its brief.

MR. POLIN: Yes.

RECROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. POLIN:

- Q Mr. Obey, can you tell us again who gave you this document?
 - A Cal's News in Lynn.
 - Q I'm sorry, what was the first word there?
- 13 || A C-a-l-s.
- 14 Q And they are a Lottery sales agent?
- 15 A Yeah.

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- MR. WARREN: Exactly.
- 17 | THE WITNESS: Exactly.
- 18 BY MR. POLIN:
- 19 Q And when did they give you this document?
- A Right after it came out. I happened to see it there. They had it hanging up.
 - Q Why did they give you this document?
 - A I asked them for a copy. You know. I saw it hanging up. They had it on their glass window there where the tickets were. Where the cigars were, actually.

Q So, Cal's News had this letter hanging up, you went in and saw it and you asked for --

A Yeah, I go in there a lot. I'm very friend with them. They were my customers when I went into construction. So.

Q So, this would have been around 2015, after June 2015?

A Yes, it was after that, yeah.

MR. POLIN: Nothing further.

THE WITNESS: So, I didn't think I was doing anything wrong. I still don't.

MR. WARREN: No other questions.

THE HEARING OFFICER: On that note, again, if the Lottery would like to proceed with its closing?

MR. POLIN: Yes. The Lottery is willing to brief this out after the transcript becomes available. And I'll be brief. The Lottery after the testimony heard here, the Lottery's position would still be to request Mr. Mayo to affirm the prize claim suspension that has been moved to be imposed by the Compliance Department. Um, it is the Lottery's position that some, a majority of these tickets at least, have been acquired illegitimately. Um, and it seems applicable that this CMR should be applied and the suspension should be imposed as a means to discourage such illegitimate activities.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Understood. Thank you.

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MR. WARREN: Okay. Our position is he is not doing anything illegal as shown by both that letter and the fact that there are no regulations against assignment of tickets. But it appears that that only applies to tickets that have been signed. Because otherwise a ticket for the Lottery purposes as per the regulations is unsigned, it is in bearer form and whoever owns it, whoever possesses it, owns it as far as the Lottery is concerned and as per the letter, free to transfer such tickets between consenting adults as long as it is not being done for an illegal purpose. There is no proof whatsoever that it is being done for an illegal purpose here. And he has to sign the claim form every time saying he is not doing it for an illegal purpose.

Now, they know he's -- the Lottery knows he is a high-frequency casher. Exhibit 1, you look at the RE to the letter sent, they don't identify him as high-frequency winner. They identify him as a high-frequency casher. And he freely admits he is a casher. Now, he technically fits within the definition of high-frequency winner because it is a very technical definition of 20 or more prizes of, I think, \$1,000 over -- within a year. But for a suspension to occur, that has to be shown to be factually or statistically improbable. And that's where they failed here because he is cashing other people's tickets. He is not the winner. And in

fact on his description, it is factually -- it is statistically probable that someone who does this with the huge regularity that he has done, over 40 years, will be cashing that many tickets regularly. There is a complete explanation for it.

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There is no evidence that he has been drawing all these winning things himself. And that might raise a legitimate suspicion that he is scamming the Lottery or scams the games, but you would have to show that he is actually purchasing all these tickets and nobody, as they say, goes around to that many lottery locations to buy tickets.

Now, you know, I understand that it is regulated. They don't want people winning their child support payments, their tax payments. There is no evidence that Frank has been doing that. He is known locally. He has got a big family. He's got, as you can see, he is a very friendly, outgoing guy. People get to know him. 'Hey, Frank. Can you do this?' 'Hey Frank,' You know? And it grows, and it grows, and it grows and he is in there playing all of these games himself with a lot of heavy hitter lottery people. Something I know nothing about. But, ah, you hear of it. And so he's got lots, and lots, and lots of opportunity to cash these tickets. You know, if you want to regulate cashing, do so. You know, you can put it right on the claim form. You know. 'I hereby certify I am not cashing this ticket for some

other winner.' And then you get in trouble for what he is doing. But that's not the issue here. That's not the problem. And they're -- but they seem to be picking on somebody who is doing this legitimately. You know, it is just -- there is nothing that backs up. In fact, these statistics -- two statistical exhibits, to me, they are perfect. They absolutely show there is no way he can be winning all these -- buying all these winning tickets. And that's really what this is all about because he is not buying all these winning tickets. He is cashing other people's tickets which makes it absolutely statistically probable that he is going to show up with more than 20 tickets over \$1,000 within a year, and in fact far, far, far more than that when he does this as his only business now besides playing the lottery himself.

So, I think the requisite finding, you know, can't be made on the evidence that has been submitted here because I think this evidence is actually helpful in showing that he couldn't possibly be the winner.

So, thank you.

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THE HEARING OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Warren. At this point if nobody has anything else to add, I will close the hearing but before I do that, I will provide the parties -- I will let the parties know that they have the opportunity to submit a post-hearing brief to me and I would

suggest that that brief be provided to me within one week after the transcript has been issued, which will take approximately two to three weeks. Mr. Warren, would you object to that timeframe?

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MR. WARREN: No. I don't really need a transcript.

I have a pretty good memory of what was said. The transcript would be more for an appeal as far as I'm concerned.

THE HEARING OFFICER: My memory may not be as good as yours.

MR. WARREN: I don't do these administrative hearings very often. So, it may work completely different at this level. I don't know.

THE HEARING OFFICER: My memory isn't as good as yours. And I'm not sure Greg's is. But I --

MR. POLIN: I would prefer a transcript.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. That's fine.

MR. WARREN: That's fine, too. By me. I'm just used to, in Court the transcript only comes with the appeal.

THE HEARING OFFICER: Right. Well, we have the transcriptionist here anyways, so that's part of the point. So, within a week after the transcript is made available, I'll expect briefs to be returned. If anybody wanted to submit one earlier than that, that's fine as well. But I just want to at least afford the parties the opportunity to take a look at the transcript if they so choose.

1 I'd be happy to. I don't think I have MR. WARREN: any vacation planned. When the transcript comes out, I'm 2 3 gone a week but if that came up, I'd let you know. THE HEARING OFFICER: 4 Agreed? 5 MR. POLIN: Agreed. 6 THE HEARING OFFICER: Okay. That said, I'll close 7 the hearing. Thank you all for coming. Thank you. 8 MR. POLIN: 9 MR. WARREN: Thank you. 10 (The hearing was adjourned at 12:08 p.m.) 11

CERTIFICATE OF TRANSCRIBER

This is to certify that the attached proceedings before: State Lottery Commission in the Matter of:

FRANK OBEY, Respondent.

Place: Dorchester, Massachusetts

Date: May 2, 2019

Were held as herein appears, and that this is the true, accurate and complete transcript prepared from the recordings taken of the above entitled proceeding.

MaryAnn Rooney
Official Transcriber
06/11/19
Date