

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA) Crim. No. 100137
) Violations:
) 18 U.S.C. § 1951 (Hobbs Act Extortion)
) 18 U.S.C. § 2 (Aiding & Abetting)
v.) 18 U.S.C. § 981 and 28 U.S.C. § 2461
) (Extortion Forfeiture)
KENNETH BRISSETTE)
Defendant.)

INDICTMENT

The Grand Jury charges that:

At all times material to this Indictment:

- 1. Starting in or about May 2014, defendant **KENNETH BRISSETTE**("BRISSETTE"), a resident of Boston, Massachusetts, was employed as the Director of the Office of Tourism, Sports and Entertainment for the City of Boston. The mission of the Office of Tourism, Sports and Entertainment is to promote all public events in the City of Boston. As part of that mission, the Office of Tourism, Sports and Entertainment should assist companies and individuals seeking to stage events in Boston, including music and sports performances, filmmaking, etc., including assistance in securing permits to use at public areas in Boston.
- 2. The International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees ("IATSE"), Local 11 ("Local 11"), was a labor organization that represented over 200 employees including technicians, artisans, and crafts persons in the entertainment industry, including live theatre, motion picture and television production and trade shows in Boston, Massachusetts.

- 3. The primary purpose of IATSE Local 11 was to negotiate and administer collective bargaining agreements with employers. Under these collective bargaining agreements, the employer pays wages directly to the employee.
- 4. Company A was a company that produced a twice-yearly music festival in Boston. In order to stage its music festivals, Company A was required to apply for and receive permits from the City of Boston for each festival.
- 5. In connection with these music festivals, beginning in March 2013, IATSE Local 11 attempted to obtain work for its union members from Company A. Company A was not a signatory to any collective bargaining agreement with Local 11. Company A repeatedly explained to a Local 11 representative that it had entered into a contract with a non-union company -- that is, a company that did not employ labor union members -- to perform the work at its music festivals and did not need any additional help. As a result, Company A held music festivals on several occasions on Boston City Hall Plaza without hiring union members and without labor disturbance or pressure from officials from the City of Boston.
 - 6. In January 2014, the administration of the City of Boston changed.
- 7. Shortly after **BRISSETTE** was hired, beginning in the spring of 2014, Company B, a non-union production company, began scouting locations to film a reality television show in Boston. As with Company A, Company B was required to apply for and receive permits from the City of Boston in order to film in Boston.
- 8. In May 2014, having obtained the necessary permits from the City of Boston,
 Company B commenced filming at various locations, including the Museum of Science, Fenway
 Park, and Cheers. Company B had also received approval for the permits required to conduct

further filming in the City of Boston, including at the Omni Parker House Hotel, Menton Restaurant, and Emerson College.

- 9. Company B was not a signatory to any collective bargaining agreement with any labor union local that represented employees in the transportation, movie and moving and trade show industries. Company B had hired its own employees, including drivers, to produce and participate in the filming of the show and did not need any work performed by members of any such labor union local.
- 10. On June 5, 2014, **BRISSETTE** learned from a filming location scout ("John Doe A") that a particular labor union local ("the union local") had discovered that Company B was filming in Boston and was upset that Company B had not hired the union local and its members to drive Company B's vehicles. At the time, John Doe A was already in possession of the permits necessary for Company B to film in Boston.
- 11. On June 6, 2014, **BRISSETTE** sent an email to John Doe A stating that there would be no filming until **BRISSETTE** spoke to Company B. **BRISSETTE** advised John Doe A to hold the permits and not release them to Company B until the issue with the union local was resolved. **BRISSETTE** thereafter instructed a Company B producer to make a deal with the union local regarding the hiring of union labor and said that, unless a deal was made, the permits would not be released.
- 12. In the days that followed, **BRISSETTE** ultimately relented, giving John Doe A the authority to release the permits to Company B because Company B had agreed to meet with representatives from the union local the following week. However, **BRISSETTE** also contacted two of the locations where Company B was scheduled to film and advised them about the situation with the union local. As a result, those locations informed Company B that Company B

could no longer film at their places of business. Company B felt that it was left with no choice but to seek locations to film outside the City of Boston.

- unneeded union workers, BRISSETTE spoke separately with two government officials the Chief of Operations for the City of Boston and the Director of the Massachusetts State Film Office. The Chief of Operations told BRISSETTE, after BRISSETTE stated that he had "pulled" the permits, that BRISSETTE could not do that because it was not legal. In a separate conversation, the Director of the Massachusetts State Film Office told BRISSETTE that the City of Boston could not discriminate on the basis of a production's union or non-union status and that "it was none of our business, being in state government, whether something is union or non-union."
- 14. In August 2014, a representative from a company shooting a promotion for Company B ("Company C") made a presentation before the City of Boston's special events committee presided over by **BRISSETTE**. The special events committee hears from individuals and companies interested in staging special events in Boston. Despite the warnings from two government officials in June about his actions with regard to Company B, in the middle of the presentation, **BRISSETTE** stopped the meeting and took the representative from Company C into a private meeting where he told the representative that the filming had to be "in a union environment." **BRISSETTE** further indicated to the representative that in order to have success in the permitting process there had to be a union contract.
- 15. Likewise, despite the warnings from the government officials outlined above,

 BRISSETTE made similar demands of Company A during the summer of 2014. Company A

 was scheduled to conduct another music festival in Boston in September 2014. Between July

and September 2014, while Company A was awaiting the issuance of certain permits and approvals required for that September 2014 music festival, **BRISSETTE** and at least one other City Hall employee repeatedly advised Company A, that it would need to hire members of IATSE Local 11 to work at the music festival. Company A told **BRISSETTE** that it had already entered into a contract with a non-union company and hired all of its labor. Nevertheless, **BRISSETTE** insisted that half of Company A's labor force consist of union members, although the ultimately agreed that eight members of Local 11 would suffice.

16. As a result of the demands made by **BRISSETTE** and others at a meeting on September 2, 2014, as well as Local 11's demands that a union foreman also be hired, and just three days before the September 2014 music festival, Company A entered into a contract with Local 11 for eight additional laborers and one foreman. Shortly thereafter, the City of Boston issued the necessary permits.

COUNT ONE

(Extortion of Company A)

- 17. The allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 16 are hereby realleged and incorporated as if fully set forth herein.
- 18. Between on or about January 1, 2014, and continuing through September 30, 2014, both dates being approximate and inclusive, in Boston and elsewhere within the District of Massachusetts, defendant

KENNETH BRISSETTE,

together with others, known and unknown to the Grand Jury, obstructed, delayed and affected commerce, and the movement of articles and commodities in commerce, by extortion, and attempted to do the same, in that the defendant and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury attempted to and did obtain property of Company A, a production company for a music festival, to wit: money to be paid as wages for imposed, unwanted, and unnecessary and superfluous services and wages and benefits to be paid pursuant to a labor contract with Local 11; with the consent of Company A, its officers and other agents, which consent was induced by the wrongful use of fear of economic harm to Company A and others, in order to obtain wages for such imposed, unwanted, unnecessary and superfluous services and wages and employee benefits to be paid pursuant to a labor agreement with Local 11.

In violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1951 and 2.

FORFEITURE ALLEGATIONS

The Grand Jury further charges that:

1. Upon conviction of the offense charged in Count One of this indictment, the defendant

KENNETH BRISSETTE

shall forfeit to the United States of America, pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 981(a)(1)(C), and Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c), any and all property, real or personal, which constitutes or is derived from proceeds traceable to such violations.

- 2. If any of the property described in paragraph 1 above, as a result of any act and omission of the defendant -
 - a. cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;
 - b. has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with a third party;
 - c. has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of this Court;
 - d. has been substantially diminished in value; or
 - e. has been commingled with other property which cannot be divided without difficulty;

it is the intention of the United States, pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 981(b)(1)(A) and Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c), incorporating Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p), to seek forfeiture of any other property of the defendant up to the value of the property listed in paragraph 1 hereof.

All pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 981(a) (1) (C), and Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c).

A TRUE BILL

KRISTINA E. BARCLAY ASSISTANT UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS **DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS**

District of Massachusetts: May 17, 2016

Returned into the District Court by the Grand Jurors and filed.

Deputy Clerk

1:32 pm 5-17-16

Case 1:16-cr-10137-LTS Document 1-1 File 05/17/16 \Page 1 05 EALED

SJS 45 (5/97) - (Revised U.S.D.C. MA 3/25/2011)

Criminal Case Cover Sheet			U.S. District Cou	<u>ırt - Dis</u>	trict of Massachusetts
Place of Offense:	Category No.	<u> </u>	Investigating Age	ency .	FBI/DOL
City Boston and Elsewhere	Related	Case Information	n:		
County Suffolk and Elsewher	Same De Magistra Search W	fendant		fendant	
Defendant Information:					
Defendant Name Kenneth Bri	ssette		Juvenile:	Y	es 🚺 No
Is this personal Is the Island Is the Island Is the Island Is the Island	on an attorney and/or a	member of any st	ate/federal bar:	Y	es 🚺 No
Address (City & St.	ate) Boston, Massachus	etts			
Birth date (Yr only): 1964 SSN (last4#): Sex_ <u>N</u>	1 Race: _	Nat	ionality:	
Defense Counsel if known:			Address		
Bar Number					
U.S. Attorney Information:					
AUSA Laura J. Kaplan		Bar Nur	nber if applicable _		
Interpreter: Yes	✓ No L	ist language and/o	or dialect:		
Victims: Yes	No If yes, are there mu	Itiple crime victims	under 18 USC§3771(d))(2)	Yes No
Matter to be SEALED:	Yes No				
✓ Warrant Requested	Reg	gular Process	In C	ustody	
Location Status:					
Arrest Date					
Already in Federal Custody Already in State Custody at On Pretrial Release: Orde		Servii	ng Sentence		iting Trial
Charging Document:	Complaint	Information	n 🗸	Indictm	ent
Total # of Counts:	Petty ———	Misdemear	nor — 🗸	Felony	1
	Continue on Pag	e 2 for Entry of U	S.C. Citations		
I hereby certify that the accurately set forth al		y prior proceedi	ngs before a Magisti	rate Jud	lge are
Date: 5/17/16	Signature of	AUSA:	M		

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U.S.C. Citations					
Index Key/Code	Description of Offense Charged	Count Numbers			
1 18 USC 1951	Hobbs Act Extortion	1			
2 18 USC 2	Aiding and Abetting	1			
3 18 USC 981 & 28 USC 2461	Extortion Forfeiture				
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DITIONAL INFORMATION:					